Application No.: 10/619779 Examiner: Y.D. Pak

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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions of the claims and listing of the claims in the application:

- An isolated α -keto acid reductase having the following 1. (Currently Amended) physicochemical properties:
 - (i) function:

reduces α -keto acid to-produce (R)- α -hydroxy acid using reduced β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide as the coenzyme; and

- (ii) substrate specificity:
- (a) utilizes reduced β-nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide as the coenzyme in the reduction reaction of (i);
- (b) reducing reduces 2-chlorophenyl glyoxylic acid to produce (R)-2chloromandelic acid; and
- (c) reduces 2-chlorophenyl glyoxylic acid but substantially fails to dehydrogenate and dehydrogenates either of the two optical isomers of 2-chloromandelic acid no more than 20% compared to the dehydrogenation of 2-chlorophenyl glyoxylic acid,

wherein said α -keto acid reductase is encoded by a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:

- (1) a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (2) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2;
- (3) a polynucleotide encoding an amino acid sequence comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% homologous to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The isolated α -keto acid reductase of claim 1, further having the following physicochemical properties:
 - (iii) optimum pH:

pH 5.0 to 5.5;

(iv) optimum temperature:

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45 to 55°C; and

(v) molecular weight of

about 35,000 Daltons and about 63,000 Daltons, as determined by sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and gel filtration, respectively.

- 3. (Currently Amended) The <u>isolated</u> α -keto acid reductase of claim 1, which is produced by a microorganism belonging to the genus *Leuconostoc*.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The <u>isolated</u> α -keto acid reductase of claim 3, wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus *Leuconostoc* is *Leuconostoc mesenteroides*.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The <u>isolated</u> α -keto acid reductase of claim 4, wherein the microorganism belonging to *Leuconostoc mesenteroides* is *Leuconostoc mesenteroides* subsp. dextranicum.
- 6. (Withdrawn) A polynucleotide encoding a protein, wherein said protein is an enzyme that catalyzes the reduction of α -keto acids, and wherein said polynucleotide is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1;
- (b) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2;
- (c) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, wherein one or more amino acids have been substituted, deleted, inserted, and/or added;
- (d) a polynucleotide hybridizing under stringent conditions to a DNA comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1; and
- (e) a polynucleotide encoding an amino acid sequence which exhibits 50% or higher homology to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A An isolated protein, wherein said protein is an enzyme that catalyzes the reduction of α-keto acids, and wherein said protein is encoded by a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:

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(1) a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
 (2) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID
 NO:2 encoded by the polynucleotide of claim 6.

- 8. (Withdrawn) A recombinant vector wherein the polynucleotide of claim 6 has been inserted.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The recombinant vector of claim 8, wherein a polynucleotide encoding a dehydrogenase catalyzing an oxidation-reduction reaction using β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide as the coenzyme has been further inserted.
- 10. **(Withdrawn)** The vector of claim 9, wherein the dehydrogenase is a formate dehydrogenase.
- 11. **(Withdrawn)** The vector of claim 10, wherein the formate dehydrogenase is derived from *Mycobacterium vaccae*.
- 12. **(Withdrawn)** The vector of claim 9, wherein the dehydrogenase is a glucose dehydrogenase.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The recombinant vector of claim 12, wherein the glucose dehydrogenase is derived from *Bacillus subtilis*.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A transformant comprising any one of the polynucleotides of claim 6 in an expressible manner.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A method for producing the protein of claim 7, wherein said method comprises the steps of culturing a transformant comprising any one of the polynucleotides selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1;

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(b) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2;

- (c) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID
- NO: 2, wherein one or more amino acids have been substituted, deleted, inserted, and/or added;
- (d) a polynucleotide hybridizing under stringent conditions to a DNA comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1; and
 - (e) a polynucleotide encoding an amino acid sequence which exhibits 50% or higher homology to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, and collecting the expressed product.
- 16. (Withdrawn) A method for producing the enzyme of claim 1, wherein said method comprises the step of culturing a microorganism belonging to the genus *Leuconostoc*.
- 17. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 16, wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus *Leuconostoc* is *Leuconostoc mesenteroides*.
- 18. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 17, wherein the microorganism belonging to Leuconostoc mesenteroides is Leuconostoc mesenteroides subsp. dextranicum.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A method for producing an optically active α -hydroxy acid, wherein said method comprises the following sequential steps:
 - (i) reacting

1;

- (a) the α -keto acid reductase of claim 1;
- (b) a protein encoded by a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:
 - (1) a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:
- (2) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2;

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(3) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, wherein one or more amino acids have been substituted, deleted, inserted, and/or added;

- (4) a polynucleotide hybridizing under stringent conditions to a DNA comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1; and
- (5) a polynucleotide encoding an amino acid sequence which exhibits 50% or higher homology to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2;
 - (c) a microorganism producing said α -keto reductase or said protein; or
 - (d) a processed product of the microorganism

with an α-keto acid; and

- (ii) collecting the optically active α -hydroxy acid produced in step (i).
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the α -keto acid is a phenylglyoxylic acid derivative of formula (I):

wherein:

X is a hydrogen atom, an alkaline metal, or a alkaline earth metal; and

R indicates one or more substituents at the ortho, meta, or para positions selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a C₁₋₃ alkyl group, a C₁₋₃ alkoxy group, a C₁₋₃ thioalkyl group, an amino group, a nitro group, a mercapto group, a phenyl group, and a phenoxy group,

formula (I)

and wherein said method comprises the step of collecting the optically produced active mandelic acid derivative of formula (II):

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wherein X and R are as defined in Formula (I).

- The method of claim 20, wherein the ortho position of the 21. (Withdrawn) phenylglyoxylic acid derivative is substituted.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein the ortho position of the (Withdrawn) phenylglyoxylic acid derivative is substituted with a halogen atom.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20, wherein the meta position of the phenylglyoxylic acid derivative is substituted.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the meta position of the (Withdrawn) phenylglyoxylic acid derivative is substituted with a halogen atom.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the α -keto acid is 2chlorophenyl glyoxylic acid and the optically active α -hydroxy acid is (R)-2-chloromandelic acid.
- 26. The method of claim 19, wherein the microorganism is a (Withdrawn) transformant any one of the polynucleotides selected from the group consisting of
 - (a) a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1;
- (b) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2;
- (c) a polynucleotide encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, wherein one or more amino acids have been substituted, deleted, inserted, and/or added;

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(d) a polynucleotide hybridizing under stringent conditions to a DNA comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1; and

- (e) a polynucleotide encoding an amino acid sequence which exhibits 50% or higher homology to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said method further comprises the step of converting oxidized β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide to reduced β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 27, wherein the oxidized β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide is converted to reduced β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide by the function of an enzyme that catalyzes dehydrogenation using oxidized β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide as the coenzyme.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein the enzyme that catalyzes dehydrogenation using oxidized β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide as the coenzyme is formate dehydrogenase and/or glucose dehydrogenase.